GENEALOGY 101

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Assisted by Dana Haven

Original presentation by Reece Jones

Chatham Community Library



Welcome to an online genealogy session!

- Please stay on mute. It's hard not to talk over each other since we don't have the usual non-verbal cues that we would in person.
- There is a chat window being monitored by Dana in which you can ask questions, request that points be reviewed again, make a comment and so on. Please use the chat window.
- Look in the upper right part of your screen for the "dialogue bubble" that looks like this:
- Click on this dialogue bubble to open the chat window. You can chat to everyone or to a single person privately.

What you will learn (Objectives)

- Understand genealogical standards
- Understand the use of a family group sheet
- Understand the use of a pedigree/ancestor chart
- See how to begin your pedigree chart and your family group sheet
- Become familiar with genealogy software
- See how to find resources online
- See how to conduct a census search
- Understand basic DNA concepts
- Begin your own family research

What is genealogy?

- A record or table of the descent of a person, family, or group from an ancestor or ancestors; a family tree.
- Direct descent from an ancestor; lineage or pedigree.
- The study or investigation of ancestry and family histories.
- The study of family history and/ or biological bloodlines.
 - o Identifying and recording ancestors and their families, and learning their stories.
 - Capturing and recording basic data for each person:
 - Name. Date and place of birth. Names of parents and spouse. Date and place of marriage. Names of children. Date and place of death. Date and place of burial.
 - Capturing and recording other facts and relationships.
 - Military service. Occupations. Travel and immigration.

Why do genealogy / family history?

- To learn the stories and history of your family and others.
- To gain a sense of what your ancestors experienced.
- To flesh out things left unsaid in your family.
 - Military experiences
 - "Scandalous" relationships
 - Half-siblings
- To learn your DNA origins and relationships.

Unlock the mysteries in your own story!



National Genealogical Society (NGS) Standards

- Record sources for every bit of information.
 - If you can't show where you got the information, you have a hint, lore or mythology.
 - Family stories are lore until they are backed up with documentation, and record the source as such.
- Record data based on evidence.
 - Test every hypothesis against credible evidence, and reject those that the evidence shows are incorrect.
- Seek original records or reproduced images of original records.
 - The closer in time to the event, the more likely the record is correct.
- Use secondary sources as guides.
 - For example, a family tree from someone else is of limited value until you verify the information yourself.

NGS Standards (continued)

- State facts only when supported by convincing evidence, and identify the evidence when communicating the fact or conclusion to others.
- Use limiting words such as "about" and "probably." Explain your reasoning.
- Avoid using or distributing misleading, unsupported or inaccurate information.
- State carefully and honestly the results of your own research, and acknowledge all use of other researchers' work.
- Recognize collaborative nature of genealogical research. Make your work available to others and welcome critical comment.
- Be open to new evidence that might change your conclusions and efforts.
- Use ethical standards throughout your research.

Source: https://www.ngsgenealogy.org/free-resources/guidelines/

Your first steps:

- Capture what you know right now.
- Decide how you will manage your info.
- Record your sources.

Jones, Ebenezer

Died: In Jamestown, August 25, 1883.

Born: Berkshire Co., Mass.

Father of: Mrs. L.N.Willard; Mrs. Lyman Aiken; Miss Addie H. Jones and Leonard Jones, all of Jamestown. Ebenezer Jones, Jr. of Sedgemon, Tenn. Mrs. Ralph Fessendem, of Sinclairville, Miss Aurora Jones and W.V.Jones of Elmwood, Illinois. Mrs. Walter Bates of Dewittville, and also of the late Mrs. M.J.Gaddes and Capt. Robert Jones.

Chaut.Dem. 8-29-1883

april 7 1833 - Jan 24-1900 Buried Climwood De. nancy/Ketcheson married Oct 8-1956 Paints of William akens forces Oct 13-1857- July 19-1929 Buried in alongdon Owen M Jones Nell - Jones Bellwood

Family Group Sheet and Pedigree Chart

- Free forms online:
 - Ancestrylibrary.com → Charts & Forms
 - https://www.ancestry.com/cs/charts-and-forms
 - FamilySearch.org → Search → Research WIKI → Forms → Genealogy Research Forms
 - https://www.familysearch.org/wiki/en/Genealogy_Research_Forms
- Forms can be completed on paper or electronically, or let your genealogy software do the work for you!

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Died							- 8		Cause of Death			
Buried			Cem/Place					A.	Date Will Written/Proved			
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Mother			1									
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MF	Given Names	Day Monti	Year	City	County	St./Ctry.	Name	of Spouse	City	County State/C	ountry	I.D.#
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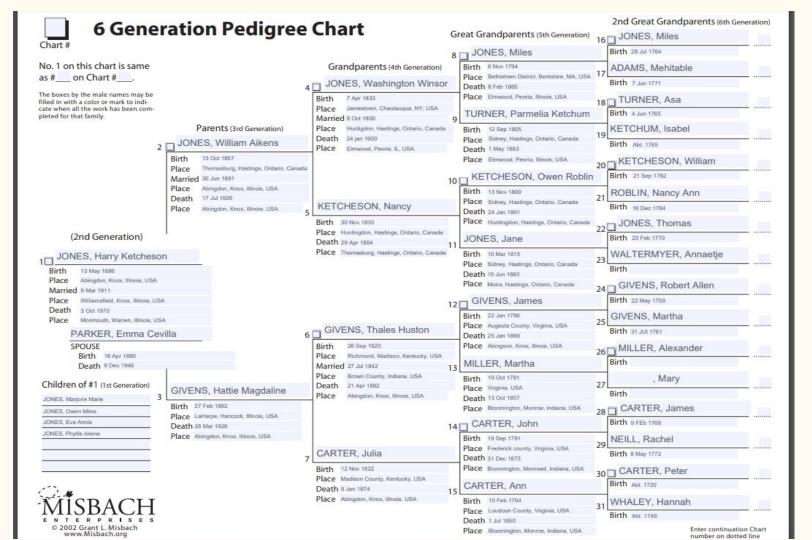
ancestry.com **Ancestral Chart** Chart No. _____ CONT. ON CHART _____ No. 1 on this chart is the same person as No. BORN PLACE On Chart No. _____ MARRIED PLACE CONT. ON CHART DIED PLACE BORN PLACE MARRIED PLACE CONT. ON CHART _____ DIED PLACE BORN PLACE DIED PLACE CONT. ON CHART BORN PLACE MARRIED PLACE CONT. ON CHART _____ DIED PLACE BORN PLACE MARRIED PLACE CONT. ON CHART _____ NAME OF SPOUSE DIED PLACE BORN PLACE DIED PLACE CONT. ON CHART BORN PLACE DIED PLACE CONT. ON CHART Form # F120

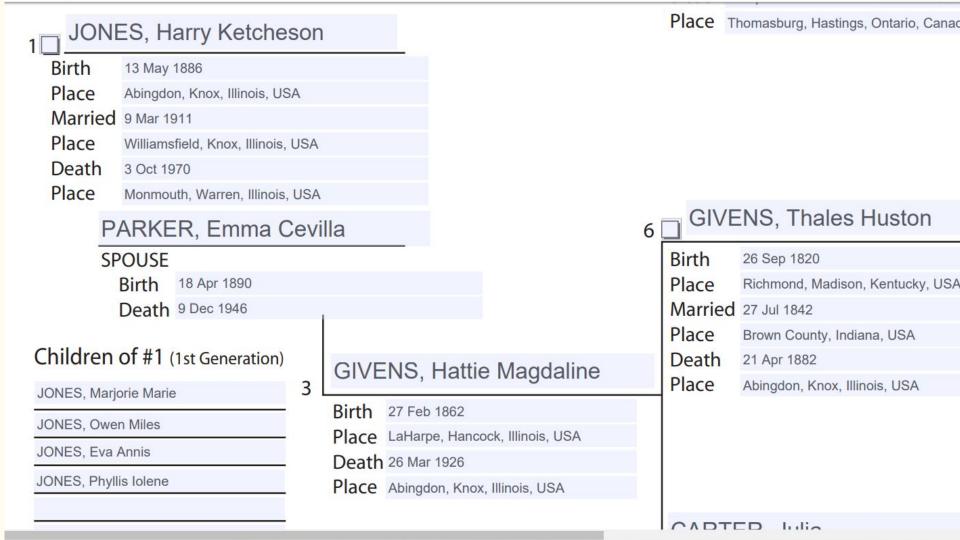
http://www.ancestry.com/save/charts/ancchart.htm

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Best Practices for Recording Information

- Record full formal names, recording all persons with their <u>birth</u> surname.
 - Some recommend listing surname first in capital letters.
 - Use additional facts to record alternate names, e.g., married or adoptive names.
- Record dates as day, month, four digit year (ex: 20 Feb 2019).
- Use "Abt.", "Bef.", "Aft." or "Bet." for estimated dates.
- Record places as town, county, state, country (ex: Pittsboro, Chatham, North Carolina, United States). Use leading commas if town/county not known.
 - Some researchers add County/ Township/ Village/ etc. in addition to place names.
- Record place names as they were known on the date of the event.
 - Example: Annapolis, Maryland, British North America.
 - Changing county boundaries are a particular challenge. Use resources to ensure you record the place as it was on the date!





Genealogy software: two ways to record your tree

1. On your computing device

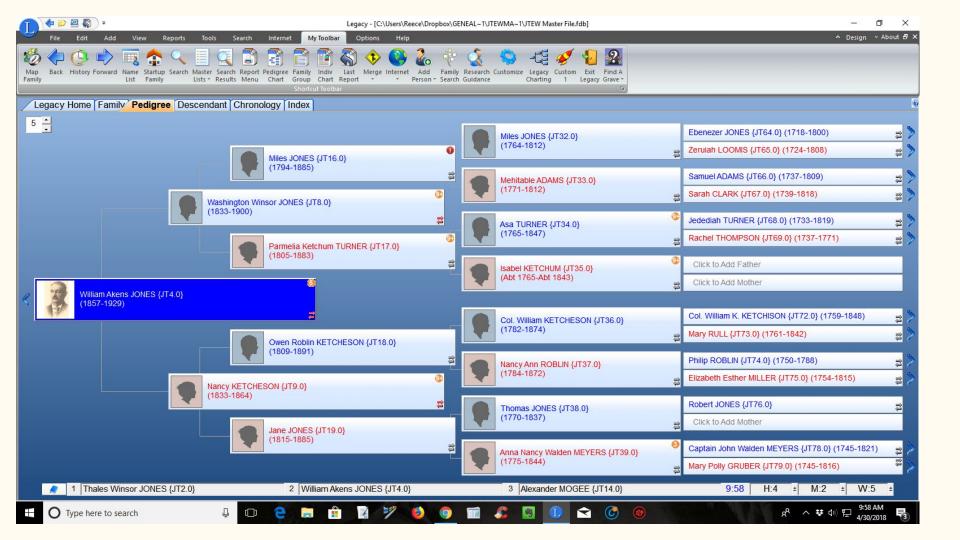
- Advantages:
 - Privacy, data control, many features.
 - May connect to online resources.
- Disadvantages:
 - May be difficult to collaborate.
 - Features in one program may not work in another.

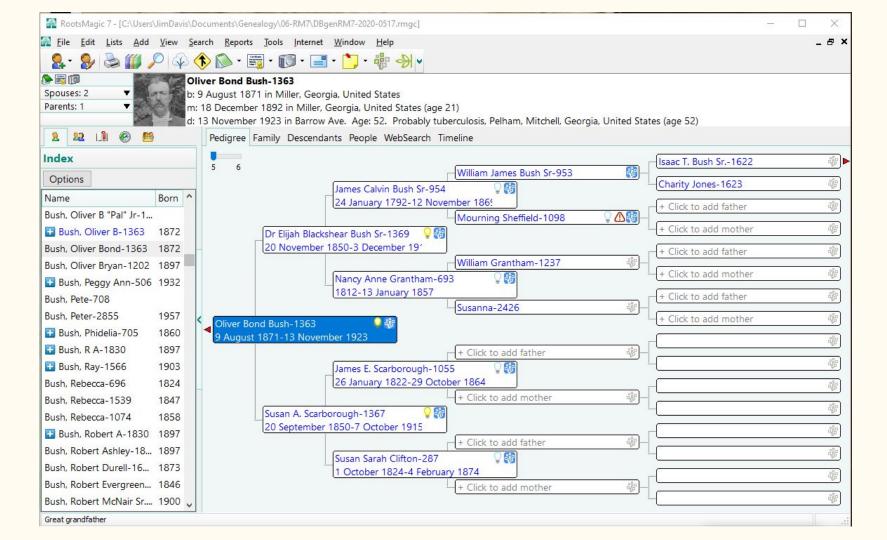
On internet websites

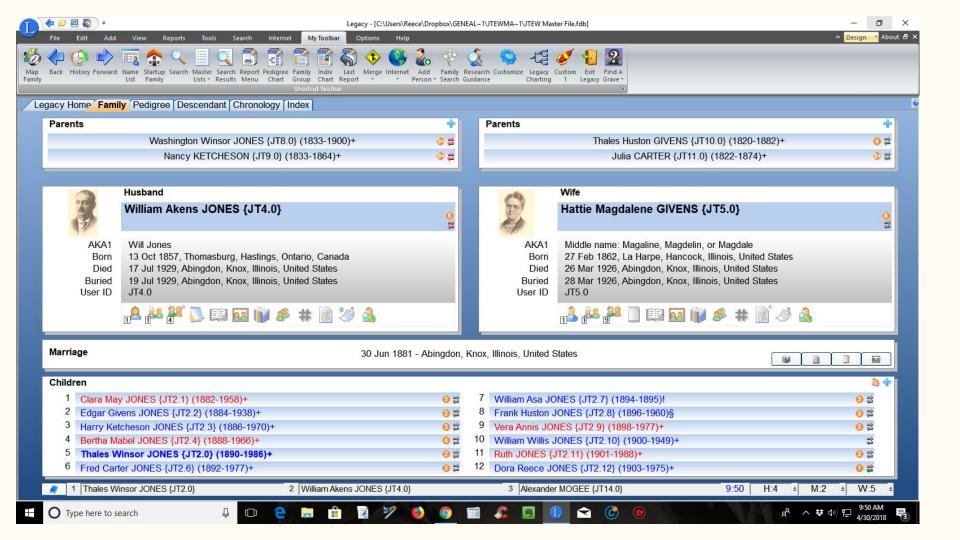
- Advantages: Collaboration, research, data preservation.
- Disadvantages: cost, data ownership, data control.

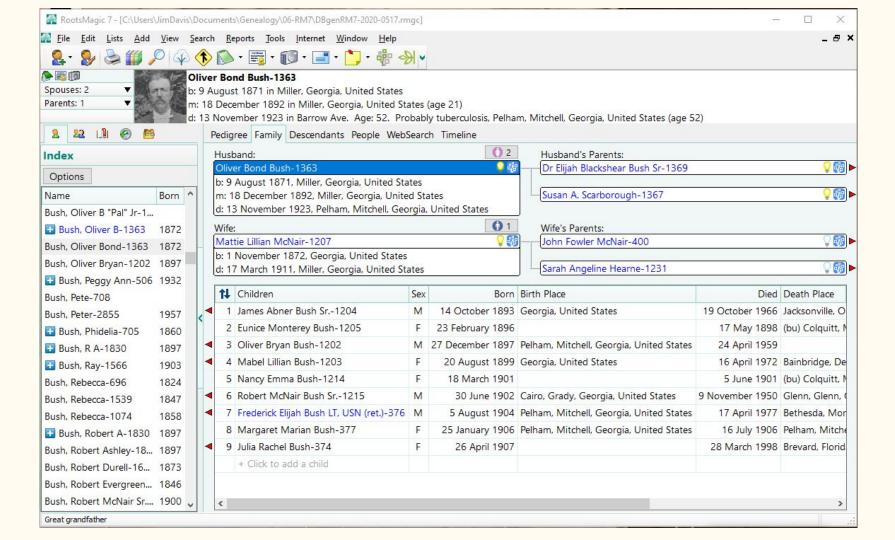
Genealogy Software

- Examples of programs for your personal computer:
 - Family Tree Maker
 - Legacy Family Tree
 - RootsMagic
 - Reunion (for MAC)
 - Family Tree Builder
 - Family Historian
- See: <u>www.smarterhobby.com/genealogy/best-genealogy-software/</u>









Genealogy web sites

 Examples of genealogy websites where you can record your tree and do research.

FamilySearch* https://www.familysearch.org/

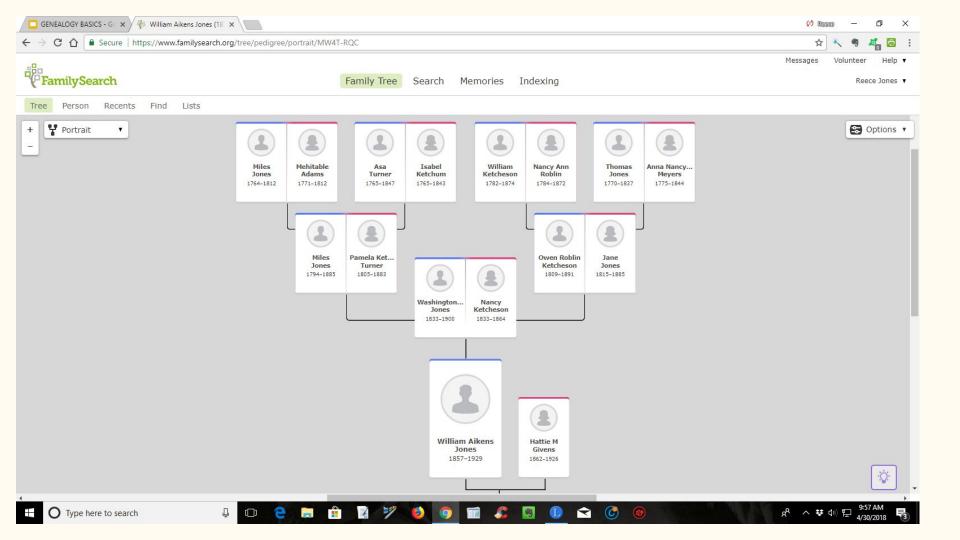
Ancestry https://www.ancestry.com/

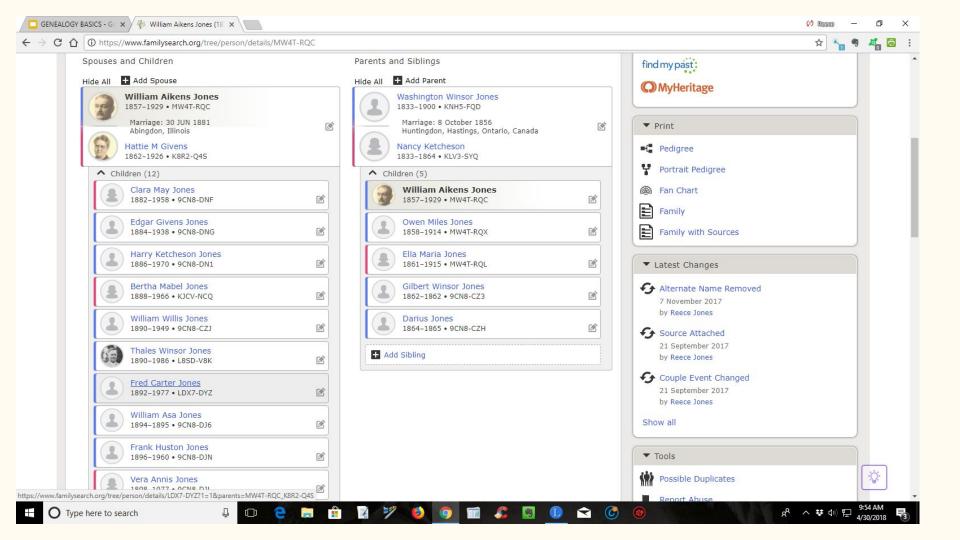
MyHeritage https://www.myheritage.com

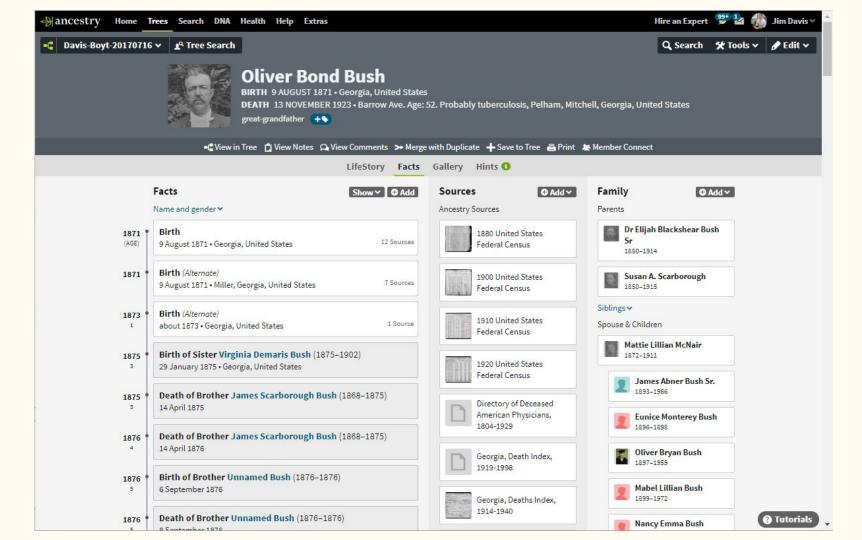
FindMyPast https://www.findmypast.com

WikiTree* https://www.wikitree.com/

FamilySearch and WikiTree use free "unified" trees (one Tree to rule them all!)







What are some sources of family information?

- Personal knowledge. Record the memories of your oldest family members!
- Family records, especially bibles.
- Vital records kept by governments.
- Census records, both state and national.
- Cemetery records.
- Church records.
- Newspaper notices, esp. obituaries.
- Military records.
- Land records.
- Probate records.
- Immigration and passenger records.
- Naturalization records.



Searching Online for Records

• Free sites:

- Ancestry (Ancestry Library Edition via Chatham County Public Libraries)
- FamilySearch (strongly recommended for research)
- Heritage Quest (library resource)
- USGenWeb

Subscription sites:

- Ancestry
- My Heritage
- Find My Past
- NEHGS
- o ... and many others.

Search Strategies

- Identify, record and source what you know.
- Search family "archives."
- Choose a type of record to search.
- Obtain records.
- Use the information you found.
- Record your citations.

Search 1940 Census Records (demo)

- Search <u>ancestrylibrary.com</u> for an ancestor who was alive in 1940
- Find 1940 Census on Ancestry.
- Enter name and any other information you have.
- Keep initial search general and then modify to be more specific.
- Look at image of original and record data in your pedigree chart.
- Record source of data.

Genetic Genealogy - DNA Basics

- Deoxyribonucleic acid (definition): a self-replicating material present in nearly all living organisms as the main constituent of chromosomes. It is the carrier of genetic information.
- Why use DNA testing for genealogy?
 - To learn more about one's ancestry
 - To confirm one's tree reflects ancestry
 - To confirm relationship between two people
 - To validate a theory of where people came from
 - To break down a brick wall in research
 - To find biological relatives of an adopted person
 - To learn where traits came from

DNA Basics

Types of DNA

- Y-chromosome (Y-DNA) Male ancestors only. Not passed to daughters.
- Mitochondrial (mtDNA) carried by Female ancestors only, but passed to sons.
- Autosomal both male and female ancestors

Testing Companies

- AncestryDNA
- o 23andme
- Family Tree DNA
- Living DNA
- MyHeritageDNA
- GEDmatch







DNA basics

- DNA tests can have surprise results.
 - You might find you have a half-sibling that you never knew about. An affair, perhaps?
 - You might find you or someone in your family was adopted.
 - You might find ethnic origins that nobody ever knew. Your great-grandma might not have had a clue as to her origin!
- DNA testing requires ethical considerations.
 - Before you handle someone else's DNA results, start reading about ethics at https://bcqcertification.org/skillbuilding-the-ethics-of-dna-testing/.
 - At the very least, get permission to post DNA results or share on various web sites.
 - Consider who will be the custodian of DNA results for someone who passes on.

What do you do when meeting the inevitable brick wall?

- Investigate the FAN club (Friends, Associates and Neighbors).
- Build a complex timeline of potential ancestors.
- Get a wider net of DNA test results to draw on.
- Take more-specialized DNA tests (Y-DNA and mtDNA) and join projects that specialize in your area.
- Search additional record sets that you haven't already investigated.



Questions?

• Feel free to contact Jim at genealogy@creeksidefarm.org with any family history question.

Library Resources

- Chatham Community Library Local History & Genealogy Collections <u>www.chathamnc.org/government/departments-programs/library/local-history-genealogy-collections</u>
- Databases (available from home):
 - Ancestry Library Edition (available from home during library closure only)
 - HeritageQuest
 - African American Heritage

Library Resources (cont.)

- Individual Assistance (virtual appointments while the library is closed)
 - Volunteer genealogist is available most Thursdays from 9:00 am to 3:00 pm by appointment
 - Schedule an appointment online
- Reference staff can also help search library resources
 - Call 919-545-8086
 - Email <u>reference@chathamlibraries.org</u>
 - Chat with a staff member on the library's website (look for the orange Ask a Librarian tab).